
Questions: True a and False b

1. Neurodevelopmental treatment focuses on building upon normal movement patterns and normal postural reactions, while trying to reduce abnormal movements.
2. The importance of NDT cannot be interpreted as functional skill practice.
3. There is a great lack of scientific evidence on the effectiveness of treatment for many types of physical therapy with CP’s.
4. Due to stereotypic postures and move in stereotypic patterns, children with CP are at high risk for developing contractures and deformities.
5. Practice is described as the repetition of movement and is a fundamental component of any physical therapy approach.
6. Through practice alone, learning is usually guaranteed.
7. To give regular feedback after every trial is useful and helpful to learning, in comparison with feedback given less often and in a summary format.
8. The methods used to study the effectiveness of treatment, is not sensitive enough to detect changes in motor ability.
9. Quality of movement is difficult to assess and is done through observation, which remains objective.
10. Kinematic analysis enables one to determine the exact position of the joints in three-dimensional space as well as the rate at which these points change.
11. The WATSMART was used in this study to record reaching movements.
12. Children often find touch-to-target tasks as boring and does not provide enough motivation for repeated trials